Your Right to Privacy

The County of Santa Cruz Health Services Agency believes strongly in your right and your family’s right to privacy and confidentiality as this relates to medical information that we may gather, maintain, or use while providing health services. All of our staff who have access to medical information about you or your family have been trained to properly respect your right to health information privacy and are required to protect and maintain health information about you or a family member in accordance with State and Federal law.

- Protected health information (PHI) is information about you, including demographic information, that may identify you and that relates to your past, present or future physical or mental health or condition, the provision of health care to you, or the past, present or future payment for the provision of health care to you.
- The County of Santa Cruz Health Services Agency is required by law to maintain the privacy of PHI and to provide individuals with notice of its legal duties and privacy practices with respect to PHI.
- There are special legal provisions for the protection of patient medical privacy and confidentiality related to treatment for mental illness, substance use disorder, and HIV/AIDS that are attached as an addendum in section 4 of this notice. These special legal provisions apply in addition to those described in this Notice of Privacy.
- You have the right to request a restriction of your PHI. Please see Section 2 of this Notice of Privacy Practices for information on how to make a request.
- This Notice of Privacy Practices describes how we may use and disclose your PHI to carry out treatment, payment or health care operations, and other purposes permitted or required by law. It also describes your rights to access and control of your PHI.
- We are required to abide by the terms of this Notice of Privacy Practices. We may change the terms of our notice, at any time. The new notice will be effective for all PHI that we maintain at that time.
Upon your request, we will provide you with revised Notice of Privacy Practices by:
  o accessing our website at www.santacruzhealth.org;
  o calling our office and requesting a revised copy be sent to you, or,
  o asking for one at the time of your next appointment.

Section 1. Our Uses and Disclosures

How do we typically use or share your PHI?

I. Uses and Disclosures of PHI without Your Written Authorization

Upon your initial visit you will be asked by your physician or health care provider to sign a treatment consent form before you receive treatment. This consent form is only for treatment of physical health and allows the Health Services Agency to provide medical treatment to you or your dependent. Please refer to the Addendum in section 4 for Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder information located.

The following categories describe examples of the way we use and disclose PHI:

- **For Treatment**
  We may use and disclose your PHI to provide, coordinate, or manage your health care and any related services. This includes the coordination or management of your health care with a third party. For example, we may disclose your PHI, as necessary, to a home health agency that provides care to you. We may also disclose PHI to other physicians or persons who may be treating you. For example, your PHI may be provided to a physician to whom you have been referred to ensure that the physician has the necessary information to diagnose or treat you.
  In addition, we may disclose your PHI from time-to-time to another physician or health care provider (e.g. a specialist or laboratory) who, at the request of your physician, becomes involved in your care by providing your physician assistance with your health care diagnosis or treatment.

- **For Payment**
  Your PHI will be used, as needed, to obtain payment for your health care services. This may include certain activities your health insurance plan may undertake before it approves or pays for recommend health care services such as; making a determination of eligibility or coverage for insurance benefits, reviewing services provided to you for medical necessity, and undertaking utilization review activities. For example, obtaining approval for a hospital stay may require that your relevant PHI be disclosed to the health plan to obtain approval for the hospital admission.

- **For Healthcare Operations**
  We may use or disclose, as-needed, PHI in order to support the necessary business activities of the Health Services Agency. These activities may include, but are not limited to, quality assessment activities, employee review activities, training of medical, nursing, or ancillary medical services students, licensing, and conducting or arranging for other necessary business activities.
  For example, we may disclose your PHI to medical school students that see patients at our office. In addition, we may use a sign-in sheet at the registration desk where you will be asked to sign your name and indicate your physician. We may also call you by name in the waiting room when your physician is ready to see you. We may use or
disclose your PHI, as necessary, to remind you of your appointment. We may share your PHI with third party “business associates” that perform various activities (e.g., billing, transcription services, etc.) for the Health Services Agency. Whenever an arrangement between our office and a business associate involves the use or disclosure of your PHI, we will have a written contract that contains terms that will protect the privacy of your PHI. We never market or sell personal information. We may use or disclose your PHI, as necessary, to provide you with information about treatment alternatives or other health-related benefits and services that may be of interest to you. We may also use and disclose your PHI for other outreach activities. For example, your name and address may be used to send you a newsletter about our practice and the services we offer. We may also send you information about products or services that we believe may be beneficial to you. You may contact our Privacy Contact to request these materials not be sent to you.

II. Uses and Disclosures of PHI Based upon Your Written Authorization
Other uses and disclosures of your PHI will be made only with your written authorization, unless otherwise permitted or required by law as described below. You may revoke this authorization, at any time, in writing, except to the extent that Health Services Agency has taken an action in reliance on the use or disclosure indicated in the authorization, or the authorization was obtained as a condition of obtaining insurance coverage. A group health plan, or a health insurance issuer or HMO with respect to a group health plan, may disclose PHI to the plan sponsor.

III. Other Permitted and Required Uses and Disclosures of PHI That May Be Made with Your Authorization and Opportunity to Object
We may use and disclose your PHI in the following instances. You have the opportunity to agree or object to the use or disclosure of all or part of your PHI.

• Others Involved in Your Healthcare
  With your written authorization, we may disclose to a member of your family, a relative, a close friend or any other person you identify, your PHI that directly relates to that person’s involvement in your health care. If you are unable to agree or object to such a disclosure, we may disclose such information as necessary if we determine that it is in your best interest based on our professional judgment. We may use or disclose PHI to notify or assist in notifying a family member, personal representative or any other person that is responsible for your care of your location, general condition or death. Finally, we may use or disclose your PHI to an authorized public or private entity to assist in disaster relief efforts and to coordinate uses and disclosures to family or other individuals involved in your health care.

• Emergencies
  We may use or disclose your PHI in an emergency treatment situation. If this happens, your physician or health care provider shall try to obtain your authorization as soon as reasonably practicable after the delivery of treatment. If your physician, another physician or health care provider in the practice is required by law to treat you and the physician or health care provider has attempted to obtain your authorization but is unable to obtain your authorization, he or she may still use or disclose your PHI as necessary to treat you.
• **Communication Barriers**
  We may use and disclose your PHI if your physician or another physician in the practice attempts to obtain authorization from you but is unable to do so due to substantial communication barriers and the physician determines, using professional judgement, that you intend to authorize the use or disclosure under the circumstances.

**IV. Other Permitted and Required Uses and Disclosures That May Be Made Without Your Authorization or Opportunity to Object.**

We may use or disclose your PHI in the following situations without your authorization. These situations include:

- **Required by Law**
  We may use or disclose your PHI to the extent that the use or disclosure is required by law. The use or disclosure will be made in compliance with the law and will be limited to the relevant requirements of the law. You will be notified, as required by law, of any such uses or disclosures.

- **Public Health**
  We may disclose your PHI for public health activities and purposes to a public health authority that is permitted by law to collect or receive the information, and for birth and death records. The disclosure will be made for the purpose of controlling or preventing possible disease, injury or disability. We may also disclose your PHI, if directed by the public health authority, to a foreign government agency that is collaborating with the public health authority.

- **Communicable Diseases**
  We may disclose your PHI, if authorized by law, to a person who may have been exposed to a communicable disease or may otherwise be at risk of contracting or spreading the disease or condition.

- **Health Oversight**
  We may disclose PHI to a health oversight agency for activities authorized by law, such as audits, investigations, and inspections. Oversight agencies seeking this information include government agencies that oversee the health care system, government benefit programs, other government regulatory programs and civil rights laws.

- **Abuse or Neglect**
  We may disclose your PHI to a public health authority authorized by law to receive reports of child or elder abuse or neglect. In addition, we may disclose your PHI if we believe that you have been a victim of abuse, neglect or domestic violence to the governmental entity or agency authorized to receive such information. In this case, the disclosure will be made consistent with applicable federal and state laws.

- **Food and Drug Administration**
  We may disclose your PHI to a person or company required by the Food and Drug Administration to report adverse events, product defects or problems, biologic product deviations, track products; to enable product recalls; to make repairs or replacements, or to conduct post marketing surveillance, as required.

- **Legal Proceedings**
  We may disclose PHI in the course of any judicial or administrative proceeding, in response to an order of a court or administrative tribunal (to the extent such
disclosure is expressly authorized), in certain conditions in response to a subpoena, discovery request or other lawful process.

- **Law Enforcement**
  We may also disclose PHI, so long as applicable legal requirements are met, for law enforcement purposes. These law enforcement purposes include (1) legal processes and otherwise required by law, (2) limited information requests for identification and location purposes, (3) pertaining to victims of a crime, (4) suspicion that death has occurred as a result of criminal conduct, (5) in the event that a crime occurs on the premises of the practice, and (6) medical emergency (not on the Practice’s premises) and it is likely that a crime has occurred.

- **Coroners, Funeral Directors, and Organ Donation**
  We may disclose PHI to a coroner or medical examiner for identification purposes, determining cause of death or for the coroner or medical examiner to perform other duties authorized by law. We may also disclose PHI to a funeral director, as authorized by law, in order to permit the funeral director to carry out their duties. We may disclose such information in reasonable anticipation of death. PHI may be used and disclosed for cadaveric organ, eye or tissue donation purposes.

- **Research**
  We may disclose your PHI to researchers when their research has been approved by an institutional review board that has reviewed the research proposal and established protocols to ensure the privacy of your PHI.

- **Threat to Public Health or Safety**
  Consistent with applicable federal and state laws, we may disclose your PHI if we believe that the use or disclosure is necessary to prevent or lessen a serious and imminent threat to the health or safety of a person or the public. We may also disclose PHI if it is necessary for law enforcement to identify or apprehend an individual.

- **Military Activity and National Security**
  When the appropriate conditions apply, we may use or disclose PHI of individuals who are Armed Forces personnel (1) for activities deemed necessary by appropriate military command authorities; (2) for the purpose of a determination by the Department of Veterans Affairs of your eligibility for benefits, or (3) to foreign military authority if you are a member of that foreign military services. We may also disclose your PHI to authorized federal officials for conducting national security and intelligence activities, including for the provision of protective services to the President or others legally authorized.

- **Workers’ Compensation**
  Your PHI may be disclosed by us as authorized to comply with workers’ compensation laws and other similar legally established programs.

- **Correctional Institutions**
  We may disclose your PHI to a law enforcement officer or correctional institution having custody of you for purposes of treating you while in custody or if necessary, for the safety of persons in the correctional institution.

- **Required Uses and Disclosures**
  Under the law, we must make disclosures to you and to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services when required to investigate or determine our compliance with the requirements of Section 164.500 et. seq.
Section 2 – Your Rights

Following is a statement of your rights with respect to your PHI and a brief description of how you may exercise these rights.

You have the right to:

- **Inspect and copy your PHI**
  This means you may inspect and obtain a copy of PHI about you that is contained in a designated record set for as long as we maintain the PHI. A "designated record set" contains medical and billing records and any other records that your physician and the practice uses for making decisions about you.
  Under federal law, however, you may not inspect or copy the following records: psychotherapy notes; information compiled in reasonable anticipation of, or use in, a civil, criminal, or administrative action or proceeding, and PHI that is subject to law that prohibits access. Depending on the circumstances, a decision to deny access may be reviewable by a licensed health care professional if you so request. In some circumstances, you may have a right to have this decision reviewed. Please contact our Privacy Contact if you have questions about access to your medical record.

- **Request a restriction of your PHI**
  This means you may ask us not to use or disclose any part of your PHI for the purposes of treatment, payment or healthcare operations. You may also request that any part of your PHI not be disclosed to family members or friends who may be involved in your care or for notification purposes as described in this Notice of Privacy Practices. Your request must state the specific restriction requested and to whom you want the restriction to apply.
  Your physician is not required to agree to a restriction that you may request if your physician believes it is in your best interest to permit use and disclosure of your PHI, your PHI will not be restricted. If your physician does agree to the requested restriction, we may not use or disclose your PHI in violation of that restriction unless it is needed to provide emergency treatment. With this in mind, please discuss any restriction you wish to request with your physician. You may request a restriction by completing a *Restriction of Use and Disclosure Request Form* available from your treatment provider and returning it to your provider office.

- **Choose someone to act for you.**
  If someone is your medical power of attorney or your legal guardian, that person can exercise your rights and make choices about your health information. We will insure this person has this authority and can act for you before we take action.

- **Request to receive confidential communications from us by alternative means or at an alternative location.**
  We will accommodate reasonable requests. We may also condition this accommodation by asking you for information as to how payment will be handled or specification of an alternative address or other method of contact. We will not request an explanation from you as to the basis for the request. Please make this request in writing to our Privacy Contact.

- **Have your physician amend your PHI.**
  This means you may request a change of PHI about you *created by us* in a designated record set for as long as we maintain this information. In certain cases, we may deny
your request for an amendment. If we deny your request for amendment, you have the right to file a statement of disagreement with us and we may prepare a rebuttal to your statement and will provide you with a copy of any such rebuttal. Please contact our Privacy Officer if you have questions about amending your medical record.

- **Receive an accounting of certain disclosures we have made, if any, of your PHI.**
  This right applies to disclosures for purposes other than treatment, payment or healthcare operations as described in this notice. It excludes disclosures we may have made to you, for a facility directory, to family members or friends involved in your care, or for notification purposes. You have the right to receive specific information regarding these disclosures that occurred six years prior to date of request. You may request a shorter timeframe. The right to receive this information is subject to certain exceptions, restrictions and limitations. Please contact our Privacy Contact if you wish to receive an accounting of certain disclosures.

- **Ask us to not use your PHI**
  If your health care service has been paid in full out of pocket, you have the right to request that your health information not be disclosed to a health plan for the purposes of carrying out payment or healthcare operations. The exception would be if the disclosure is required by law.

- **Obtain a paper copy of this notice from us**
  Upon request, it will be provided even if you agreed to accept this notice electronically.

- **Be notified promptly if a breach occurs that may have compromised the privacy or security of your information.**

## Section 3. Complaints

Please discuss with your health care provider any health privacy or confidentiality questions or concerns you may have. For further information special privacy/confidentiality protections, please contact our Privacy Contact.

You may complain to us or to the Secretary of Health and Human Services if you believe your privacy rights have been violated by us. You may file a complaint with us by notifying our privacy contact. We will not retaliate against you for filing a complaint.

You can write to US Dept. of Health & Human Services Office for Civil Rights, 200 Independence Ave., SW, Washington, D.C. 20201, or call 1-877-696-6775 or visit: www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/complaints/.

You may contact our Privacy Contact if you have any questions or need more information:

**HIPAA Privacy Officer**

**County of Santa Cruz**

**Health Services Agency Administration**

**1080 Emeline Ave.**

**Santa Cruz, CA  95060**

**(831) 454-4000**

**email: hipaa@santacruzcounty.us**
Section 4. ADDENDUM:

Special Provisions Related to Patient/Client Privacy

- **Mental Health Services**
  A detailed written authorization is normally required by the patient before the use or disclosure of psychotherapy notes. In addition, the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act imposes strict restrictions on the disclosure of information obtained in the course of providing mental health services to: patients in an institutional setting; services pursuant to a mental health treatment program funded under the Bronzan-McCorquodale Act; or, in the course of providing intake, assessment or services to persons with developmental disabilities on behalf of a regional or state developmental center. The County of Santa Cruz follows State law on protections of patient privacy, confidentiality and use or disclosure of health information for persons receiving mental health services when these are more protective of patient rights or supersede the HIPAA requirements.

- **Substance Use Disorder Programs**
  Generally, the identity and records of the diagnosis, prognosis or treatment of any patient which are maintained in connection with the performance of any substance use disorder treatment or prevention efforts directly or indirectly assisted by the Federal Government and/or DHCS are confidential and may not be disclosed without the written consent of the patient or client. Federal regulations (42 CFR Part 2) require special provisions protecting the confidentiality of drug and alcohol records. Violation of the federal law and regulations by a program covered by 42 CFR part 2 regulations is a crime and suspected violations may be reported to appropriate authorities.

- **HIV/AIDS**
  California law gives heightened protections to HIV/AIDS information. Generally, a provider must obtain a patient’s written authorization specifically permitting a disclosure of the results of an HIV/AIDS test for each separate disclosure made. Providers may disclose HIV/AIDS test results without patient authorization as required under State reporting laws. Additionally, disclosures to a health care provider may be made without specific patient authorization for the direct purposes of diagnosis, care or treatment of the patient.

- **Rights of Minors**
  **Minor Consent to Treatment:** Parent/legal guardian involvement in care is generally the norm, as well as consenting for mental health services for their child. For mental health services, the parent/legal guardian can only sign treatment and information sharing consent for psychotropic medications. An exception is made when the information relates to treatment for which a minor is authorized by law to consent. In California, in certain circumstances a minor has the right to consent to reproductive, mental health and substance use disorder services. These services can be obtained by the minor without parent/legal guardian consent.

  - **Minor Record Ownership:** Under California law, a minor between the age of 12-17 years old, if it is the option of the attending professional person that the minor is mature enough to participate intellectually in mental health treatment, is the owner of the medical record. A minor 12 years and older receiving SUD...
treatment is the owner of the medical record. A minor “owns” the treatment record and therefore he/she/they is the person who can authorize the sharing of treatment records. In these situations, the minor, not the parent/legal guardian has the right of access to related health information. The minor needs to provide consent for the parent/legal guardian to obtain access. Exclusions to this are: minors under the age of 12 (MH & SUD); Minors age 12-17 who, in the opinion of the attending professional person, is not mature enough to participate intelligently in the mental health treatment (MH only); Medical record related to prescribing of psychotropic medication (MH); Medical records related to replacement narcotic treatment (SUD); and psychiatric inpatient hospital records (MH)

- **Family Planning**
  The County of Santa Cruz follows special policies and procedures to protect the privacy and confidentiality of clients or patients receiving family planning - reproductive services. Generally, protected health information is not used or disclosed except for treatment, payment and health care operations purposes without the specific written authorization of the client or patient.

**Electronic Health Records and Partner Notification(s)**

- **Electronic Health Records (EHR)**
  Electronic Health Records (EHRs) are electronic versions of the paper charts in your doctor’s or other health care provider’s office. Santa Cruz County HSA utilizes HIPAA-compliant secure EHR systems for service delivery, as a paper chart is no longer a treatment option. The EHR allows us to effectively treat and manage patient and client care. An EHR may include your medical history, notes, and other information about your health including your symptoms, diagnoses, medications, lab results, vital signs, immunizations, and reports from diagnostic tests such as x-rays, personal statistics like age and weight, and billing information. EHR systems are designed to store data accurately to capture the state of a patient across time and can be shared across different health care settings to coordinate care. EHRs utilize the most up to date technologies to assure health information is safe and secure from unauthorized individuals. Santa Cruz County maintains policies and procedures to assure its workforce handles and properly protects your health information. Your information will be disclosed consistent with the HIPAA Privacy Rules or any other applicable law that may relate to behavioral health or substance use recovery treatment.

Providers who work with other doctors, hospitals, health plans, mental health agency and substance use disorder treatment settings find benefit in sharing service information to support coordinated care efforts. An EHR supports your providers ability to share your health information to improve the quality and efficiency of your care and helps measure outcomes. The information in EHRs can be shared with other organizations involved in your immediate care if the computer systems are set up to talk to each provider. Information in these records should only be shared for purposes authorized by law or by you. Authorized providers use data from patient records to improve quality outcomes through their care management programs.
• **Shared Health Information Exchange Organization (SHIEO):** Combining multiple types of clinical data from all treating system’s health records helps clinicians identify and stratify chronically ill patients. With permission, separated treatment providers can share patient records in a SHIEO database so the patients have the opportunity to receive improved coordinated care from providers and easier access to their health information. Although sharing EHR data allow providers to use information more effectively to improve the quality and efficiency of your care, they do not change the obligations providers have to keep protected health information private and secure.

Patients have the right to change their mind and withdraw their consent at any time for sharing information between providers not involved in your care. Authorized shared information may have already been provided prior to withdrawal. Patient consent will remain in effect until revoked by the patient in writing.

• **OCHIN (Oregon Community Health Information Network)**

Santa Cruz County is part of a health care arrangement including participants in OCHIN. A current list of OCHIN participants is available at [www.ochin.org](http://www.ochin.org) as a business associate of Santa Cruz County. OCHIN supplies information technology and related services to Santa Cruz County and other OCHIN participants. OCHIN also engages in quality assessment and improvement activities on behalf of its participants. For example, OCHIN coordinates clinical review activities on behalf of participating organizations to establish best practice standards and assess clinical benefits that may be derived from the use of electronic health record systems. OCHIN also helps participants work collaboratively to improve the management of internal and external patient referrals. Your personal health information may be shared by Santa Cruz County with other OCHIN participants or a health information exchange only when necessary for medical care arrangement. Health care operation can include, among other things, geocoding your residence location to improve the clinical benefits you receive.

The personal health information may include past, present and future medical information as well as information outlined in the Privacy Rules. The information, to the extent disclosed, will be disclosed consistent with the Privacy Rules or any other applicable law as amended from time to time. You have the right to change your mind and withdraw this consent, however, the information may have already been provided as allowed by you. This consent will remain in effect until revoked by you in writing. If requested, you will be provided a list of entities to which your information has been disclosed.