



Health in All Policies (HiAP)

What, Why and How

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What is Health in All Policies (HiAP)?

- ▶ It is a systematic approach to improving health on the community-level by considering health in decisions that shape the environments where people live, learn, work, play, and travel.
- ▶ It is a collaborative approach that integrates and articulates health considerations into policy making across sectors, and at all levels, to improve the health of all communities and people.



NACCHO HiAP Policy Statement

- ▶ **Federal, State, Local, Government role:**
 - ▶ Adopt a Health in All Policies approach in the policy-making process in order to ensure that policies made outside of the health sector have positive or neutral impact on the determinants of health
 - ▶ Provide funding, training, and technical assistance for local health departments (LHDs) to ensure that they can assume a leadership role implementing a HiAP approach at the local level and determine the best strategies for implementing HiAP locally.
- ▶ **Local health departments should:**
 - ▶ Take a leadership role to implement HiAP at the local level, including identifying the best strategies for implementing HiAP in the LHD jurisdiction
 - ▶ Assume a prominent role educating local, state, and federal policymakers about the value of HiAP



Why HiAP?

- ▶ Need to address health comprehensively because many of the factors that impact health are driven by multiple factors outside public health or healthcare
- ▶ Health Services Agency receives grant from NACCHO
- ▶ Grant
 - ▶ Focus on South County
 - ▶ Move from regional concentration and broaden efforts

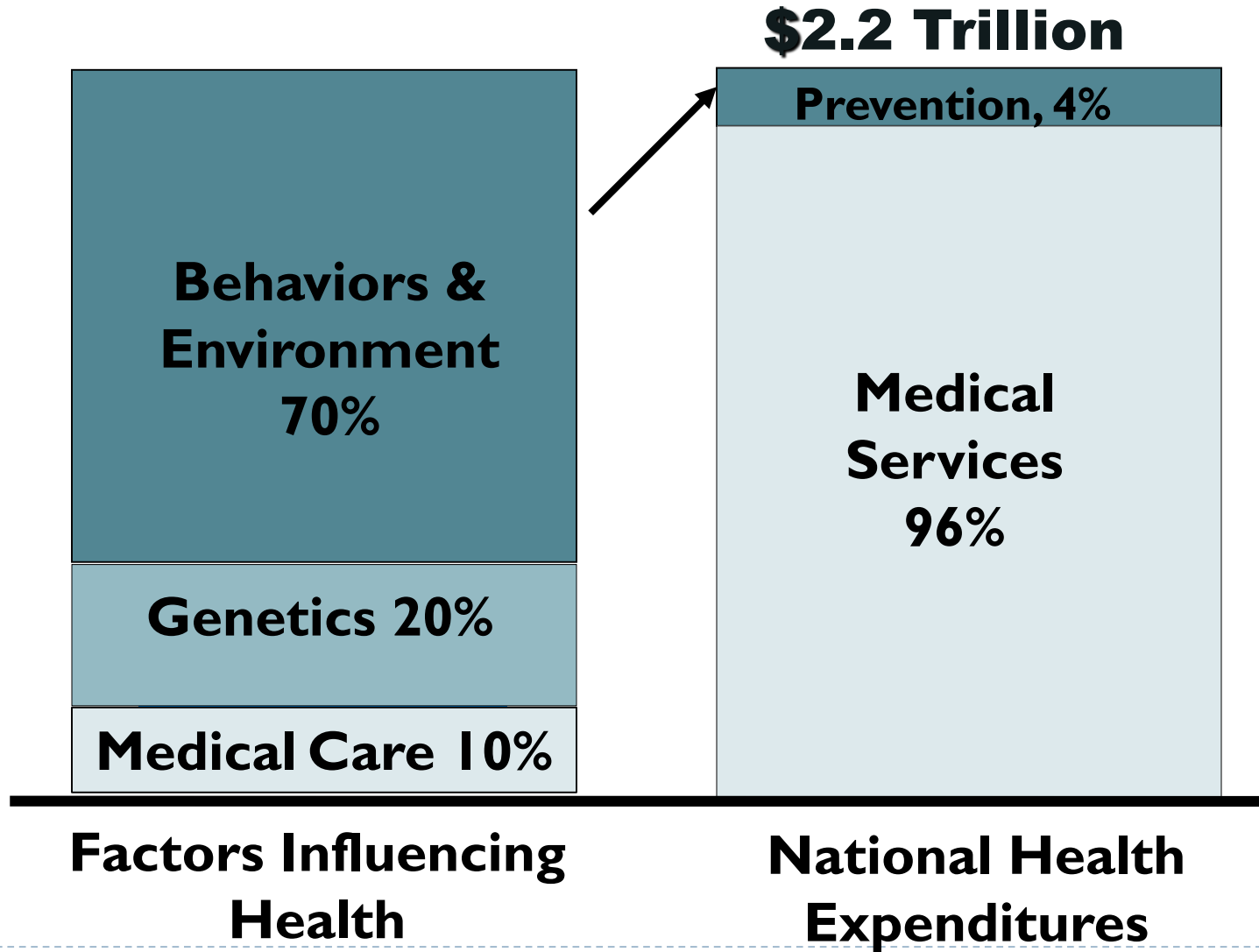


What is health?

Health is the state of complete physical, mental, and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity.

- World Health Organization

How is our health influenced?



How does our environment impact our health?

Air Quality

Social Capital

Physical Activity Levels

Access to Healthy Foods

Water Quality

Traffic-Related Accidents

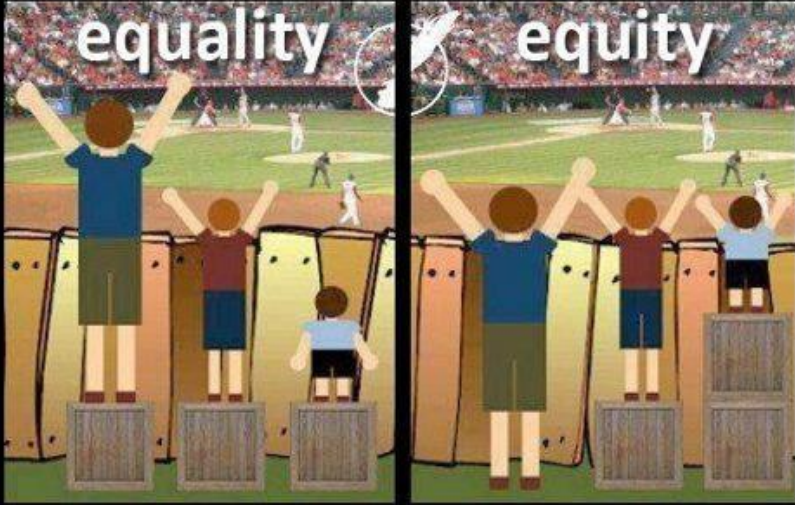
Exposure to Toxins & Chemicals

Social Equity

Climate Change / Extreme Weather



Equality vs. Equity



equality

equity

Equality = SAMENESS

Equity = FAIRNESS

Equality is about **SAMENESS**, it promotes fairness and justice by giving everyone the same thing.

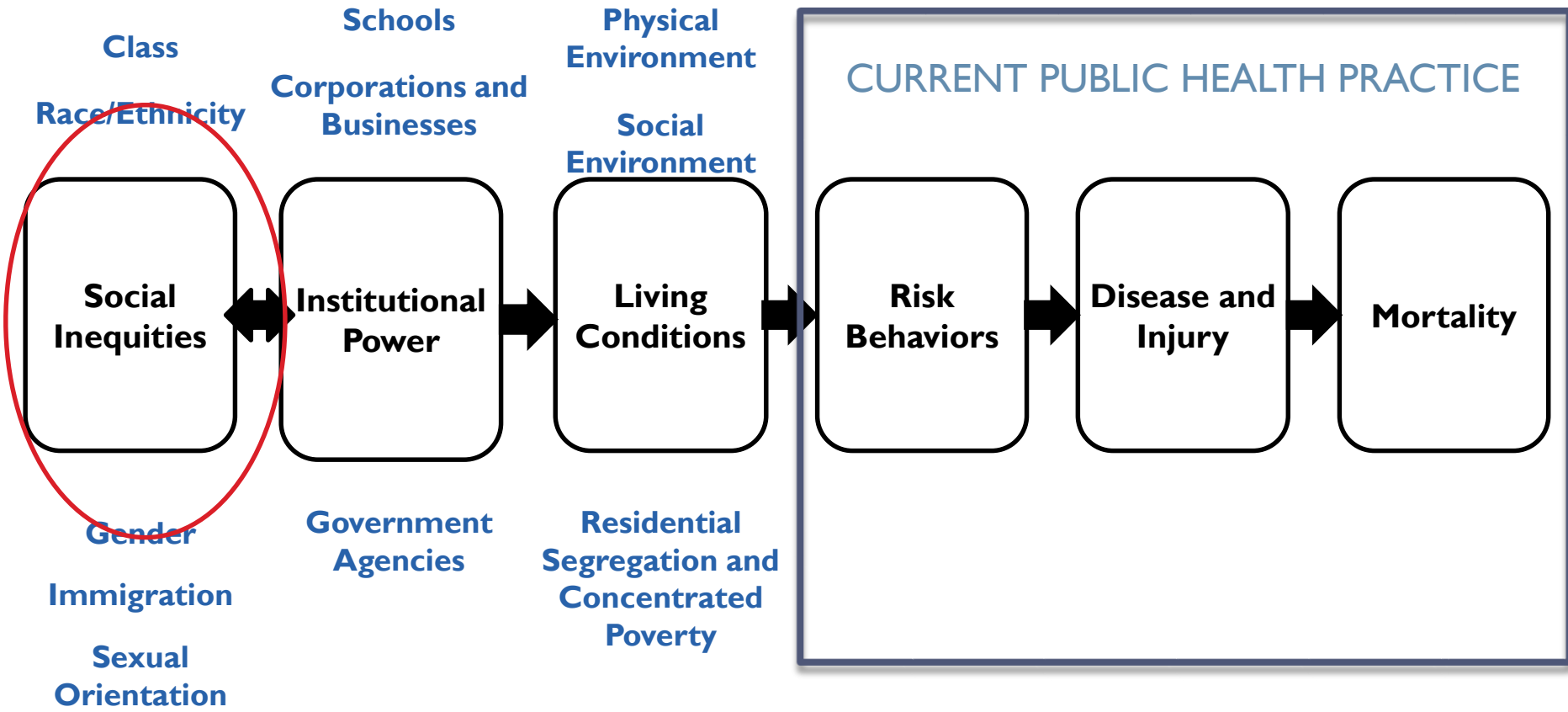
EQUITY is about **FAIRNESS**, it's about making sure people get access to the same opportunities.

BUT it can **only work IF everyone starts from the SAME place**, in this example equality only works if everyone is the same height.

Sometimes our differences and/or history, can create barriers to participation, so we must **FIRST ensure EQUITY** before we can enjoy equality.



BARHII Framework for Reducing Health Inequities



How can decisions impact our health?

**Policies &
Programs**

**Encourage people to
make healthy choices**



How can decisions impact our health: walking and biking?

Stakeholders

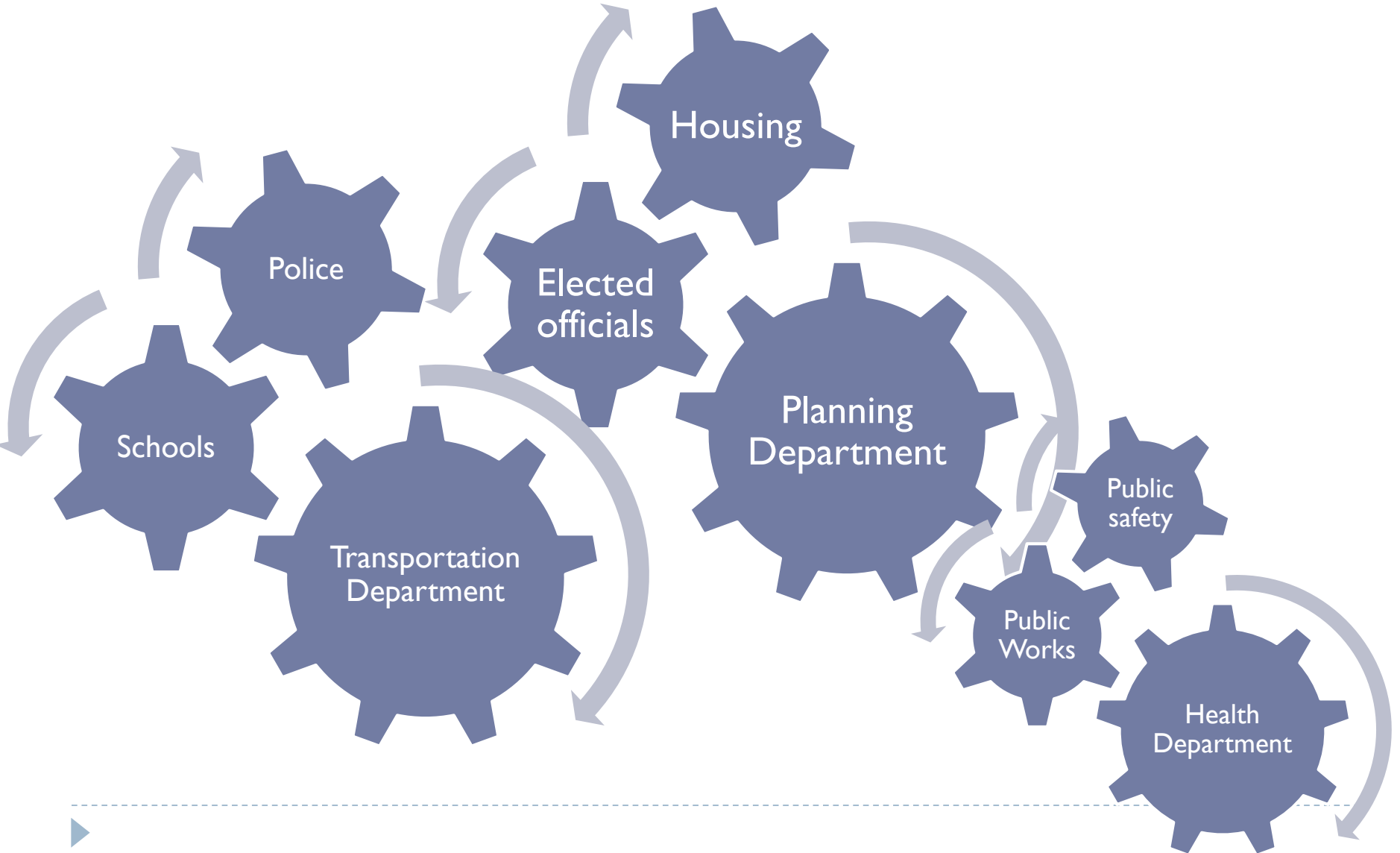
- ▶ **Elected Officials**
- ▶ **Transportation Department**
- ▶ **Planning Department**
- ▶ **Police Department**
- ▶ **Health Department**
- ▶ **Non-Profit Organizations**

Health Outcomes

- ▶ **Physical Activity**
- ▶ **Air Quality**
- ▶ **Climate Change**
- ▶ **Social Capital**
- ▶ **Traffic-Related Injuries**



How can decisions impact our health?



The how-to of HiAP

- ▶ **Health considerations in the decision making process** → How does a prospective-decision potentially impact population health?
 - ▶ HiAP is **upstream** – the focus is on addressing potential health impacts early in the decision processes
 - ▶ HiAP is **comprehensive** – all sectors, all stages of policy processes, all levels of government

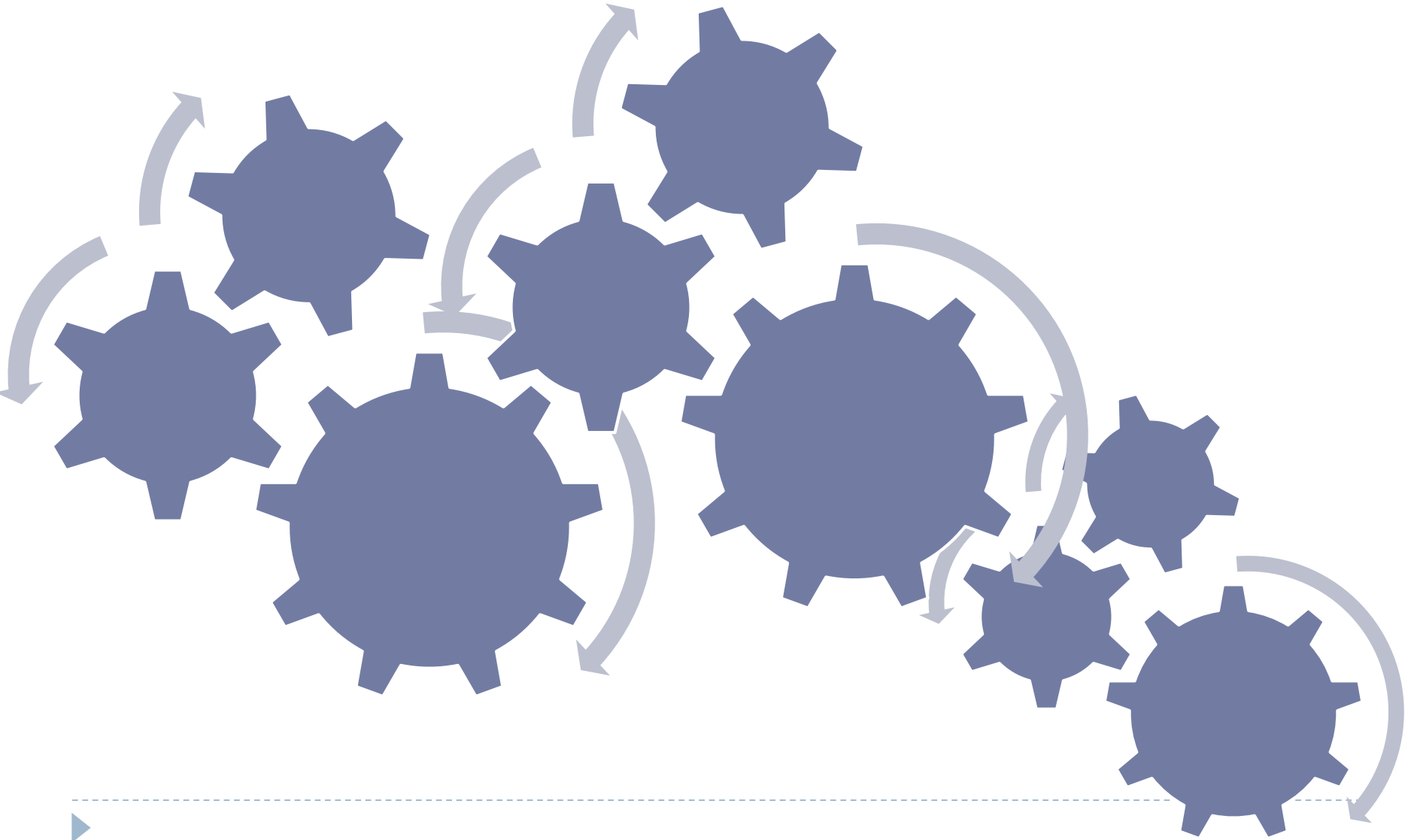


Tactics for Implementing HiAP

- ▶ Convene a cross-sector collaborative or task force
- ▶ Consider health in the policy making process
- ▶ Establish accountability structures



How can HiAP help our community?



Thank you



Public Health
Prevent. Promote. Protect.

